LAW ON THE ORGANIZATION AND THE FUNCTIONING OF THE NATIONAL ELECTION COMMITTEE

# **Royal Kram**

#### NS/RK/0315/002

#### We,

Preah Karona Preah Bath Samdech Preah Boromneah Norodom Sihamoni Saman Phoum Cheat Sasna Rakhattiya Khmemararothreas Puthintreathareamohaksat Khemreach Chornea Samohorpheas Kampuch Ekareach Roth poranaksante Sopheakmeangolea Sereivipolea Khemarasreipireash Preahchau Krong Kampuchea thipadey,

- Having seen the Constitution of the Kingdom of Cambodia;
- Having seen Royal Decree No. NS/RKT/0913/903, dated 24th September 2013 on the appointment of the Royal Government of Cambodia;
- Having seen Royal Kram No. 02/NS/94 dated 20th July 1994 promulgating the Law on Organization and Functioning of the Council of Ministers;
- Having seen Royal Kram No. CHOSOR/RKM/0498/06 dated 08th April 1998 promulgating the Law on the Organization and Functioning of the Constitutional Council;
- Having seen the Roayl Kram No. NS/RKM/0107/005 dated 31st January 2007 promulgating the Law on Amendments to the Law on the Organization and Functioning of the Constitutional Council,
- Having seen the request of Samdech Aka Moha Sena Padei Techo, the Prime Minister of the Royal Government of Cambodia

### **HEREBY PROMULGATE**

The Law on the Organization and Functioning of the National Election Committee which was enacted by the National Assembly on 19 March 2015 at its extraordinary session of the fifth legislature and reviewed and finalized entirely by the Senate on its legal form and spirit on 23 March 20015 at its sixth plenary session of the third legislature, and was declared compatible with the Constitution by the Constitutional Council in its Resolution No. 153/001/2015CC, dated 24 March 2015 with full provisions as follows:

## CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISION

### Article 1.\_

The purpose of this law is to define the organization and functioning of the National Election Committee to organize, administer and manage the election of members of the Senate and the election of members of the National Assembly as well as other election defined by law.

#### Article 2.

The National Election Committee shall be referred to in an abbreviation as "N.E.C". The National Election Committee shall have the municipal/ provincial election commissions, commune/sangkat election commissions and polling station commissions to perform its duties.

### Article 3.

The National Election Committee shall be independent and neutral in implementing its mandate to ensure the election is free, fair and just in accordance with the liberal, democratic, pluralistic principles.

All members of the National Election Committee and members of election commissions at all levels shall be neutral and impartial in carrying out its work.

## CHAPTER 2

## NATIONAL ELECTION COMMITTEE

## PART 1 ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL ELECTION COMMITTEE

#### Article 4.\_

The National Election Committee shall be composed of 09 (nine) people as follows:

- 01 (one) Chairperson
- 01 (one) Vice-Chairperson
- 07 (seven) members

### Article 5.\_

Members of the National Election Committee shall be selected among Cambodian dignitaries of both sexes with the following qualifications:

- Must be Cambodian nationality by birth and hold only one citizenship while performing duties at the National Election Committee
- Aged at least 35 (thirty five) years old on the day of appointment
- Eligible to vote
- Holding a degree in higher education
- At least 10 (ten) year experience
- Not a spouse or a relative by blood or relative by marriage through the third generation of the President or Vice-president of a political party competing in the elections.

## Article 6:\_

The 09 (nine) members of the National Election Committee shall be recruited with:

- 04 (four) members recruited by the ruling party
- 04 (four) members recruited by parties that have seats in the National Assembly, not joining the government, and
- 01 (one) recruited with a consensus among all parties that have seats in the National Assembly.

Based on the above-said principle, the Permanent Committee of the National Assembly shall coordinate with all political parties having seats in the National Assembly to make public, open and transparent announcements for recruiting members of the National Election Committee for at least 10 (ten) days. Then, the Permanent Committee of the National Assembly shall coordinate with all political parties having seats in the National Assembly to examine and select the candidate members of the National Election Committee among the candidates who have submitted applications with qualifications as stated in article 5 of this law.

The modalities and procedures for the selection of candidate members of the National Election Committee shall be determined by the Permanent Committee of the National Assembly.

Based on the membership selected above, the Permanent Committee of the National Assembly shall prepare a list of members of the National Election Committee and submit it to the National Assembly to vote in confidence based on the absolute majority of the total number of the members of the National Assembly.

The Chairperson, vice-chairperson and members of the National Election Committee shall be appointed by the Royal Decree at least 06 (six) months after the new National Assembly starts.

The Chairperson, vice-chairperson and members of the National Election Committee shall take an oath of allegiance before holding office.

## Article 7.\_

The Chairperson, vice-chairperson and members of the National Election Committee shall have a 05 (five) year term, which ends when the new National Assembly takes an office.

In case of failure to organize the membership of the National Election Committee, the existing National election Committee shall continue to implement its work and be competent to administer and organize elections according to the law in force.

## Article 8.\_

The function of the Chairperson, vice-chairperson and members of the National Election Committee shall be incompatible with their positions in the civil service and with their jobs as members of other institutions as stipulated in the Cambodian Constitution.

The Chairperson, vice-chairperson and members of the National Election Committee shall suspend their right to vote temporarily until their positions come to an end.

The Chairperson, vice-chairperson and members of the National Election Committee who are members of a political party shall resign from the party and may join the party in 02 (two) years after they end their mandates or lose their positions or are fired as stated in articles 9 and 10 of this law.

The Chairperson, Vice- Chairperson and Members of the National Election Committee who are members of a political party and/or who are leaders of a non- governmental organization, an association, a trade union and/or a business shall resign from the party and/or from the non-governmental organization, association, trade union and/or business and shall apply to work outside their original service until the expiration of their mandates.

## Article 9.\_

The Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and members of the National Election Committee shall lose their position in one of the following cases:

- He/she dies
- He/she resigns in writing
- He/she lost his/her professional aptitude as certified by competent ministries/institutions
- He/she acts in contravention of the internal rules regulated by the National Election Committee
- He/she has been sentenced with imprisonment for a felony or a misdemeanor.

# Article 10.\_

The Chairperson or the Vice- Chairperson or Members of the National Election Committee shall be accountable to the National Assembly.

The decision to dismiss the Chairperson or the Vice- Chairperson or Members of the National Election Committee shall be the competence of the National Assembly.

## Article 11.\_

In the event that the Chairperson or Vice-Chairperson or Member of the National Election Committee loses his/her office the Permanent Committee of the National Assembly shall coordinate with relevant political parties to make a public announcement for recruitment of candidates to fill the vacant position in an open and transparent manner in 05 (five) days' time.

Then, the relevant parties shall select a new member from those who apply not later than 03 (three) days and submit it to the Permanent Committee of the National Assembly so that the latter can present the new member to the National Assembly for vote of confidence based on an absolute majority of all members of the National Assembly not later than 03 (three) days in case where election is held and not later than 05 (five) days in case where election is not held.

In case the relevant political parties fail to select new members as determined above the Permanent Committee of the National Assembly shall choose candidates to fill the vacant positions based on the qualifications specified in article 5 of this law among those who apply as mentioned in paragraph 1 of this article in an open and transparent manner not later than 02 (two) days and submit them to the National Assembly to vote in confidence based on the absolute majority of all members of the National Assembly not later than 02 (two) days in case where election is held and not later than in case where election is not held.

The formalities and procedures for the application, selection and preparation of the list of candidates for submission to the National Assembly shall be determined by the Permanent Committee of the National Assembly.

The Chairperson or the Vice- Chairperson or Members of the National Election Committee, who replace the vacancy, shall immediately take an oath of allegiance to hold office.

The Chairperson or the Vice- Chairperson or Members of the National Election Committee, who replace the vacancy, shall serve only the remaining term of the National Election Committee.

### Article 12.\_

The Chairperson of the National Election Committee shall have the rank and privileges equivalent to a Deputy-Prime Minister.

The Deputy-Chairperson of the National Election Committee shall have the rank and privileges equivalent to a Senior Minister.

The member of the National Election Committee shall have the rank and privileges equivalent to a Minister.

### Article 13.

The chairperson, vice-chairperson and members of the National Election Committee shall carry out their duties impatially, based on the principle of respect for law, without pressure, threats, intimidation or instruction, either directly or indirectly, from any person or an institution.

Personal security and safety of the chairperson, vice-chairperson and members of the National

Election Committee and those of their family shall be guaranteed as needed at their request.

The chairperson, vice-chairperson and members of the National Election Committee shall not be subject to any criminal or civil responsibility for the decision they make under their competency and function.

## PART 2 ORGANIZATION OF MUNICIPAL/PROVINCIAL ELECTION COMMISSIONS

#### Article 14.\_

The Municipal/Provincial Election Commissions shall be composed of the following:

- 01 (one) Chairperson
- 01 (one) Vice-chairperson
- 03 (three) or 05 (five) members.

The concrete number of members of each Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall be determined by a decision of the National Election Committee.

### Article 15.

The Chairperson of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall have the rank and privileges equivalent to a Director of Department of a Ministry or an institution.

The Vice-chairperson of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall have the rank and privileges equivalent to a Deputy Director of Department of a Ministry or an institution.

The member of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall have the rank and privileges equivalent to a Chief of Bureau of a Department of a Ministry or an institution.

## Article 16.\_

The members of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall be recruited among the citizens or/and civil servants eligible to votes in the municipality/province, except the members of the Royal Cambodian Armed Forces, national police, court officials, religious priests, governor and deputy governor of capital/province, municipality, district and khan, members of the capital/province, municipality, district, khan and commune/sangkat councils, candidates standing for those council elections, village chief, village chief assistant and those who have been sentenced with imprisonment for a felony or a misdemeanor and have not rehabilitated.

## Article 17.\_

The National Election Committee shall establish a Selection Commission to select the composition of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission in an open and transparent manner.

The actual formalities and procedures for selection of members of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall be determined by a decision of the National Election Committee.

## Article 18.\_

The Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall be appointed by a decision of the National Election Committee.

## Article 19.\_

The Chairperson, Vice- Chairperson and Members of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission who are members of a political party and/or who are leaders of a non-governmental organization, an association, a trade union and/or a business shall, after being appointed, resign from the party and/or from the non-governmental organization, association, trade union and/or business and shall apply to work outside their original service until the expiration of their mandates.

## Article 20.\_

The Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and members of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall lose their position in one of the following cases:

- He/she dies.
- He/she resigns in writing.
- He/she lost his/her professional aptitude as certified by competent ministries/institutions.

- He/she has been sentenced with imprisonment for a felony or a misdemeanor.

## Article 21.

The Chairperson or Vice- Chairperson or members of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall be accountable to the National Election Committee.

The National Election Committee shall have the right to dismiss the Chairperson or Vice- Chairperson or members of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission in case he/she acts in contravention of the law in force, internal rules, regulations and procedures for elections or code of conduct for electoral officials.

## Article 22.

For the election of members of National Assembly and that of the Commune/Sangkat Councils, the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall perform its duties for 60 (sixty) days after the results of elections are officially announced.

For the election of members of the Senate and that of the capital/provincial, municipal/district/khan councils, the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall perform its duties for 30 (thirty) days after the results of elections are publicly announced.

## Article 23.

This Provincial/Municipal Election Commission shall have a Secretariat to assist it. The organization and functioning of the Secretariat shall be determined by the National Election Committee.

### Article 24.\_

Between elections, the National Election Committee shall designate some officials of the Secretariat to maintain the continuity of the electoral work in each province/municipality.

### Article 25.\_

The Provincial/Municipal Election Commissions shall have the following duties and responsibilities:

- 1. To perform duties allowed or required by law, regulations, and other legal instruments;
- 2. To perform other duties and rights assigned by the National Election Committee.

## PART 3 ORGANIZATION OF COMMUNE/SANGKAT ELECTION COMMISSIONS

### Article 26.\_

The Commune/Sangkat Election Commission shall have the following compositions:

- 01 (one) Chairperson
- 01 (one) Vice-chairperson
- 03 (three) or 05 (five) members.

The concrete number of members of each Commune/Sangkat Election Commission shall be determined by a decision of the National Election Committee.

## Article 27.\_

Members of Commune/Sangkat Election Commission shall be recruited among the citizens or/and civil servants in the municipality/province, who are eligible to vote, except the members of the Royal Cambodian Armed Forces, national police, court officials, religious priests, governor and deputy governor of capital/province, municipality, district and khan, members of the capital/province, municipality, district, khan and commune/sangkat councils, candidates standing for those council elections, village chief, village chief assistant and those who have been sentenced with imprisonment for a felony or a misdemeanor and have not rehabilitated.

## Article 28.\_

The National Election Committee shall establish a Selection Commission to select the composition of the Commune/Sangkat Election Commission in an open and transparent manner.

The actual modalities and procedures for the selection of members of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission shall be determined by a decision of the National Election Committee.

## Article 29.\_

The Commune/Sangkat Election Commission shall be appointed by a decision of the National Election Committee at the request of the Municipal /

Provincial Election Commission based on the result of the selection of members of the Commune/Sangkat concluded by the Selection Commission as provided in article 28 of this law.

## Article 30.\_

The Chairperson, Vice- Chairperson and Members of the Commune/Sangkat Election Commission who are members of a political party and/or who are leaders of a non-governmental organization, an association, a trade union and/or a business shall, after being appointed, resign from the party and/or from the non-governmental organization, association, trade union and/or business and shall apply to work outside their original service until the expiration of their mandates.

# Article 31.

The Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and members of the Commune/Sangkat Election Commission shall lose their position in one of the following cases:

- He/she dies.

- He/she resigns in writing.
- He/she lost his/her professional aptitude as certified by competentministries/institutions.
- He/she has been sentenced with imprisonment for a felony or a misdemeanor.

## Article 32.

The Chairperson or Vice- Chairperson or members of the Commune/Sangkat Election Commission shall be accountable to the National Election Committee.

The National Election Committee shall have the right to dismiss the Chairperson or Vice- Chairperson or members of the Commune/Sangkat Election Commission in case he/she acts in contravention of the law in force, internal rules, regulations and procedures for elections or code of conduct for electoral officials.

The National Election Committee can issue a decision to delegate its powers to the Municipal/Provincial Election Commissions as needed to implement the provisions specified in this article.

## Article 33.

The Commune/Sangkat Election Commissions shall have the following duties and responsibilities:

1. To perform duties allowed or required by law, regulations, and other legal instruments.

2. To perform other duties and rights assigned by the National Election Committee.

## PART 4 ORGANIZATION OF POLLING STATION COMMISSIONS

### Article 34.\_

Each Polling Station Commission shall be composed of the following:

- 01 (one) Chairperson
- 01 (one) Vice-chairperson
- 01 (one) Secretary
- 03 (three) members.

#### Article 35.

The members of the Polling Station Commissions shall, upon request of the Provincial/Municipal Election Commissions, be recruited among the citizens and civil servants in the district/khan or commune/ sangkat who are eligible to vote, except the members of the Royal Cambodian Armed Forces, National Police, court officials, religious priests, chief and deputy chief of district/khan, members of commune/sangkat council, members of the capital/provincial, municipal, district, khan and commune/sangkat councils, candidates standing for those council elections, village chief, village chief assistant and those who have been sentenced with imprisonment for a felony or a misdemeanor and have not rehabilitated.

#### Article 36.

The National Election Committee shall establish a Selection Commission to select the members of the Polling Station Commission in an open and transparent manner.

The actual formalities and procedures for selection of members of the Polling Station Commission shall be determined by a decision of the National Election Committee.

#### Article 37.\_

The Polling Station Commission shall be appointed by a decision of the National Election Committee at the request of the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission based on the result of the selection of members of the Commune/Sangkat concluded by the Selection Commission as provided in article 36 of this law.

#### Article 38.\_

The Chairperson, Vice- Chairperson, Secretary and Members of the Polling Station Commission who are members of a political party and/or who are leaders of a non-governmental organization, an association, a trade union and/or a business shall, after being appointed, resign from the party and/or from the non-governmental organization, association, trade union and/or business and shall apply to work outside their original service until the expiration of their mandates.

### Article 39.

The Chairperson, Vice- Chairperson, Secretary and Members of the Polling Station Commission shall lose their position in one of the following cases:

- He/she dies.
- He/she resigns in writing
- He/she lost his/her professional aptitude as certified by competent ministries/institutions
- He/she has been sentenced with imprisonment for a felony or a misdemeanor.

### Article 40.\_

The Chairperson, Vice- Chairperson, Secretary and Members of the Polling Station Commission shall be accountable hierarchically to the National Election Committee.

The National Election Committee shall have the right to dismiss the Chairperson or Vice- Chairperson, Secretary or members of the Polling Station Commission in case he/she acts in contravention of the law in force, internal rules, regulations and procedures on elections or code of conduct for electoral officers.

The National Election Committee can issue a decision to delegate its powers to the Municipal/Provincial Election Commissions as needed to implement the provisions specified in this article.

### Article 41.\_

The Polling Station Commissions shall have the following duties and responsibilities:

- 1. To perform duties allowed or required by law, regulations, and other legal instruments.
- 2. To perform other duties and rights assigned by the National Election Committee.

# CHAPTER 3

## THE FUNCTIONING OF THE NATIONAL ELECTION COMMITTEE

## PART 1

# THE COMPETENCE OF THE NATIONAL ELECTION COMMITTEE

### Article 42.\_

The National Election Committee shall be responsible for planning, organizing and managing the election in the whole country.

The National Election Committee shall have full right to implement its duties according to this law, the law on elections in force, regulations and procedures on elections determined by the National Election Committee.

The rights, authority, duties and responsibilities regarding planning, organizing, managing and supervising the election are as follows:

- 1. Taking all necessary measures to ensure that the elections are free, fair just and by means of secret vote
- 2. Preparing work plans, budget and materials and equipment for the election, and publicizing the election calendar
- 3. Appointing Provincial/Municipal Election Commissions, Commune/ Sangkat Election Commissions, and Polling Station Commissions
- 4. Developing regulations, procedures and directives for the election processes within the framework of the laws in effect
- 5. Proposing and enforcing measures to maintain security and public order during the time of the election
- 6. Supervising the work of Election Commissions at all levels
- 7. Establishing the boundary of the polling stations
- 8. Issuing decisions regarding the locations of the voter registration stations, polling stations and vote counting stations
- 9. Producing and allocating the electoral materials and equipment
- 10. Recruiting and appointing officials to help the Revision of Voters' Lists and Voter Registration in accordance with the laws, regulations and procedures on election
- 11. Preparing the voters' lists and the register of voters
- 12. Reviewing and validating the voters' lists
- 13.Receiving and deciding on the applications of the political parties' registration and political parties' candidates who run for the election according to the election law in force
- 14. Managing and supervising the conduct of electoral campaigns
- 15. Organizing and managing the voting, counting of ballots, consolidation of the result of the poll, and announcement of the results of the election
- 16. Temporarily remove the right to vote or to restore the right to vote Register the political party running the election or delete the political party from the list.

Delete the candidacy of the candidates who stand for the Election or to recognize their candidacy.

- 17. Examining the income and financial expenses incurred by candidates and political parties during the election campaigns
- 18. Taking measures and providing coordination to ensure the use of the public media based on the principle of equality and equity
- 19. Providing information, data and statistics on the electoral processes to political parties and candidates and receiving suggestions related to the election

Ensuring regular information exchanges and coordination regarding the electoral processes between the National Election Committee and Election Commissions at all levels and political parties, candidates and stakeholders

- 20. Producing IEC documents/materials about the election matters
- 21. Promoting the public awareness on electoral matters through voters education and public dissemination programs and by other means
- 22. Developing documents, programs and training for the electoral officers
- 23. Approving and issuing identification cards to political party representatives and national and international observers;
- 24. Overseeing to ensure the legality aspect of the implementation of law, regulations and procedures on election
- 25. Deciding on all complaints and objections related to the election through public hearing according to the law, regulations and procedures on election, except the complaints which fall under the jurisdiction of the courts
- 26. Preventing and monitoring the irregularities in the election
- 27. Establishing a committee to destroy the ballot papers used during each Election of Members of the National Assembly after these ballot papers have been stored safely for 6 (six) years and the ballot papers used during each commune/sangkat council election after these ballot papers have been stored safely for 3 (three) years, counting from the polling day of each mandate.

The afore-said ballot papers destruction process shall be conducted in an open manner and with participation of relevant political parties.

28. Implementing other tasks as permitted or required by laws and regulations.

### Article 43.

The Chairperson of the National Election Committee shall:

- 1. Ensure that all members of the National Election Committee comply with election law, its internal rules (by-laws), regulations and procedures and the code of conduct for electoral officers.
- 2. Convene and lead all ordinary and extraordinary meetings of the National Election Committee.

- 3. Represent the National Election Committee in relationship with the King, institutions, national and international organizations.
- 4. Submit annual reports of the National Election Committee to the National Assembly and the Senate.
- 5. Sign all official documents of the National Election Committee.

### Article 44.\_

The Chairperson of the National Election Committee shall assist the chairperson according to the tasks allocated by the Chairperson. In the event that the Chairperson is absent or unable to come to work the Vice-chairperson replaces the chairperson as the Acting Chairperson through a letter of authorization.

## Article 45.\_

Members of the National Election Committee shall receive the tasks as defined in the Internal Rules and assigned by the Chairperson of the National Election Committee upon consultation with the Vice-chairperson and members of the National Election Committee.

### Article 46.\_

The National Election Committee may issue a decision to assign its rights to the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission, Commune/Sangkat Election Commission, Polling Station Commission and electoral officers or electoral agents to implement their electoral duties.

### Article 47.\_

The remuneration and benefits for members of the National Election Commissions at all levels shall be determined by the National Election Committee.

## PART 2 WORKING FORMALITIES OF THE NATIONAL ELECTION COMMITTEE

### Article 48.\_

The working modalities of the National Election Committee shall be determined by the Internal Rules (by-laws) established and approved by the National Election Committee.

# Article 49.

The Internal Rules of the National Election Committee shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Law and the election law in force after taking office.

## Article 50.\_

The Chairperson of the National Election Committee shall convene the meetings of the National Election Committee.

Members of the National Election Committee shall attend the meetings as convened and invited by the Chairperson of the National Election Committee.

In the event that any member of the National Election Committee fail to attend the meetings or are absent without reason for 3 (three) times she/he shall be deemed to give up his/her position.

One third (1/3) of the members of the National Election Committee shall have the right to make a written proposal attached the specific agenda or subject to the Chairperson of the National Election Committee to convene a meeting of the National Election Committee and the Chairperson shall convene the meeting of the National Election Committee.

The meetings of the National Election Committee shall be valid only if:

- There is a quorum of 2/3 of all members of the National Election Committee for any approvals that require a majority vote of two third (2/3) of all members of the National Election Committee.
- There is a quorum of more than half of all members of the National Election Committee for any approvals that require an absolute majority of all members of the National Election Committee.

The National Election Committee shall adopt the Internal Rules and election regulations and procedures with two third (2/3) majority of all members of the National Election Committee. If it does not meet the above quorum and/or enough vote for approval based on the two third majority of all members of the National Election Committee the Chairperson of the National Election Committee shall convene a second meeting the next day and the quorum and the vote for approval shall be the absolute majority of all members of the National Election Committee.

Other than the Internal Rules and election regulations and procedures, the National Election Committee shall approve with the absolute majority vote of all members of the National Election Committee.

In case there is an equal vote for an approval of any issue, the vote by the Chairperson of the National Election Committee shall override.

In the event that the functioning of the National Election Committee is stalled due to lack of quorum or lack of adequate vote to adopt any issue the National Assembly shall decide to dissolve the composition of the embattled National Election Committee and shall organize a new membership to replace it according to the provisions of this Law.

## Article 51.\_

All decisions of the National Election Committee shall be announced in public not later than 5 (five) working days after they are made.

# PART 3

# **GENERAL-SECRETARIAT**

### Article 52.

The National Election Committee shall have a General-Secretariat as assistant. The Secretary-General, Deputy Secretary-General, all officials and staff shall be accountable, based hierarchical ranking, to the National Election Committee.

### Article 53.

The General-Secretariat shall be led by 01 (one) Secretary-General and several Deputy Secretaries-General as assistants.

### Article 54.

The Secretary-General and Deputy Secretaries-General shall have the following qualifications:

- Must be Cambodian national by birth and hold only one citizenship while performing duties
- Aged at least 30 (thirty) years old on the day of appointment
- Be Eligible to vote
- Holding a degree in higher education
- At least 05 (five) year experience
- Not a spouse or a relative by blood or relative by marriage through the third generation of the President or Vice-president of a political party competing in the elections.

## Article 55.

The Secretary-General and Deputy Secretaries-General shall be appointed by the Royal Decree at the request of the Chairperson of the National Election Committee upon approval obtained based on the absolute majority of the entire composition of the National Election Committee.

The Secretary-General shall have the rank and privilege equivalent to a Secretary of State of a Ministry/institution.

The Deputy Secretary-General shall have the rank and privilege equivalent to a Under-Secretary of State of a Ministry/institution.

Officials/staff of the General-Secretariat of the National Election Committee and those of the Secretariat of Municipal/Provincial Election Committee shall be covered by a separate statute to be determined by a Royal Decree at the request of the National Election Committee after obtaining an approval from the Ministry of Civil Service.

The National Election Committee may recruit contracting staff to carry out its work as needed.

### Article 56.

The Secretary-General and Deputy Secretaries-General shall lose their positions in one of the following cases:

- He/she dies
- He/she resigns in writing
- He/she loses his/her professional aptitude as certified by competent ministries/institutions
- He/she has been sentenced with an imprisonment for a felony or a misdemeanor.

### Article 57.\_

The organization and functioning of the General-Secretariat of the National Election Committee shall be determined by a Sub-decree at the request of the National Election Committee.

## CHAPTER 4 BUDGET OF THE NATIONAL ELECTION COMMITTEE

### Article 58.\_

The National Election Committee shall have an autonomous budget for its work. The National Election Committee shall handle and use the budget for election with transparency, integrity, efficiency and effectiveness according to the Law on Public Financial System.

#### Article 59.

A special account shall be established at the National Treasury, known as "Trust Fund Account for Election", for the National Election Committee to administer in the conduct of the electoral work.

The electoral Fund obtained from various contributions of the Royal Government, foreign governments, international organizations, charitable individuals, non-governmental organizations, and any other legitimate

revenues shall be integrated into the national budget to be directly credited to this special account.

## CHAPTER 5 PENALTIES

#### Article 60.\_

Any member of the National Election Committee and Election Commissions at all levels, who does not follow the provisions of this Law, shall be meted out with disciplinary sanctions, excluding any other possible criminal penalties. The disciplinary sanctions shall be defined in the Internal Rules of the National Election Committee.

### CHAPTER 6 TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

### Article 61.

The Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and members of the current National Election Committee shall continue to perform their duties until the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and members of the National Election Committee appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Law take their office.

#### Article 62.

The composition of National Election Committee established under the provisions of this Law serve its term until the new Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and members of the current National Election Committee are appointed in accordance with paragraph 5 in article 6 of this Law.

The National Election Committee established under the provisions of this Law shall perform its duties based on the Law, Internal Rules, regulations and procedures on election and other legal instruments in force until there are new provisions to replace them.

### Article 64.\_

The Secretary-General, Deputy Secretaries-General and officials/staff of the National Election Committee shall continue their work [in their capacity] as Secretary- General, Deputy Secretaries-General and officials/staff of the National Election Committee established under this Law until new appointments are made in accordance with this Law. The change and appointment of the Secretary-General, Deputy Secretaries- General and officials/staff of the National Election Committee shall be made in accordance with the provisions of this Law. The officials/staff working at the General Secretariat of the National Election Committee and the Municipal/Provincial Election Commission Secretariat shall be integrated into a separate statute specified in paragraph 4 in article 55 of this Law.

## CHAPTER 7 FINAL PROVISIONS

### Article 65.\_

Any provision that is in contrast with this Law shall be abrogated and replaced by this Law.

### Article 66.\_

This Law shall be declared as urgent.

PRL.1503.239

Phnom Penh Capital, 26 March, 2015 Royal Signature and Stamp Norodom Sihamoni

Have submitted for the royal signature Prime Minister Samdech Aka Moha Sena Padei Techo Hun Sen